as medium. It introduces the business of publishing, and its terminology, as well as essential knowledge of printing technologies. Most of all however, the course aims at providing the tools, skills and creative approaches to design and produce a book with self given content and constraints.

After all, it is the purpose of the course to create a book that does not depend on conventional templates but develops from an understanding of competing conventions. The course builds confidence in creative organization and management of content for a wide range of publication practice in contemporary visual arts. It is the point of culmination within the course sequence of the Graphic art-cluster that intends to bring together all previously acquired skills in one project.

VART   3225   Screenprinting and Lithographic   (3,4,0) (E)
Printmaking
Prerequisite: VART 2225 Experimental Illustration
Screen-printing was first developed in China during the Song Dynasty, and was only relatively late introduced to the West. However, when it finally was patented in England in the early 20th century it developed into a huge industry as it allowed for the first time to print onto almost any surface of almost any 3D-form. Lithography is a truly European invention based on chemical processes of "hydrophobic" and "hydrophilic" surfaces and printing paint. As these chemicals can be applied to all kinds of surfaces, it also allows a vast array of printing possibilities that are particularly interesting for industrial and commercial usage.

Together these two techniques cover almost the entirety of all industrially printed matters, from books to products, from packaging to magazines, yet since Andy Warhol and Pop Art in the 1960s these techniques also became popular as media for artistic expression.

Building up on the skills and knowledge acquired in prerequisite courses, this is a consecutive course on water-based screen-printing and basic lithographic printmaking techniques that also covers the historical, conceptual and technical aspects of these techniques. Expression and implementation of design concepts developed through studies of the printing process will be the primary goal of this course.

In order to facilitate the learning experience, students will make use of the techniques and context of these two printmaking processes to complete several projects. These prints are expected to be technically proficient and indicate an understanding of the two different printing processes. The prints are also required to be imaginative and well designed. All prints must be completely original. Group critiques will coincide with the completion of assigned projects.

Upon completion of the course students will develop greater knowledge in perception, appreciation, composition, printing process preparation and use of colours. Heightened powers of visual awareness, knowledge of the fundamental elements of art, organizational ability, and a creative approach to the use of the printmaking media combine to equip the student for future efforts in studio art production or appreciation activities.

VART   3226   Relief and Intaglio Printmaking   (3,4,0) (E)
Prerequisite: VART 2225 Experimental Illustration
Relief and intaglio printmaking in a way relate to each other like additive and subtractive approaches in sculpture: in relief printing some parts of a given matrix are removed to form an image. Ink is applied to the remaining surface areas, and from there directly transferred onto paper. Intaglio printing does exactly the reverse: again some parts of a given matrix are removed, however then the ink is applied into the newly created "gaps" of the surface and then transferred from there to the paper.

Relief printing—as represented for example in woodcut prints —is probably the oldest printing technique of all, having been in use for several millennia throughout many different regions and cultures. It is conceptually and technically simple, yet due to many different available materials, tools and carving techniques nevertheless very versatile. Intaglio in return is more sophisticated, and allows for finer, more controlled lines as well as for more durable printing plates. Both techniques have been part

of the artistic canon for centuries, and also today offer plenty of opportunities for experimentation and discovery.

This course covers the historical, conceptual and technical aspects of relief and intaglio printmaking techniques, its focus however lies on expression and implementation of design concepts developed through studies of the printing process. Printmaking projects will support the concepts of individuality, originality, independent decision-making, self-directed inquiry as well as the practical skills needed to express concepts.

VART   3227   Evolutionary Graphics   (3,4,0) (E)
Prerequisite: VART 2225 Experimental Illustration
The course introduces the ideas and practices of evolutionary and generative methods to create complex visual imageries. In the context of procedural animation and computer graphics, the concepts of evolutionary biology can both simulate the form of nature and as well go beyond it by creating static or dynamic graphics with little reference in the physical world.

Students in the course learn to create complex computer graphics by specifying very simple rules. They will understand the notion of artificial nature where the seemingly complex behaviours are developed by a number of simple mutually interacting units.

Historical reference will be drawn from a variety of disciplines like machine theory, algorithmic graphics, chaos theory, and self-organizing systems.

The course will introduce the use of the graphical programming environment like vvvv, TouchDesigner or Context Free Art that the students can use to experiment with generative graphics and procedural animation without the need to write traditional text based computer programs. The artworks can both be shown on screen or output as computer paintings.

By using the commonly available graphic design software, students usually work on computer graphics with a top down planning approach. The variety of the visual imageries will often be limited to the background and exposure of the students' former visual training. This course offers a bottom up approach to facilitate students to overcome the former constraints. By purposely introducing rules and limitations, the generative or evolutionary processes can automatically produce imageries that challenge both the representational and abstract ways of two-dimensional visual creation.

The conceptual framework in the class is transferable and applicable to other subjects like 2D design, spatial design, and experimental painting. As computing software is becoming an important tool for visual art and design, the understanding of the codes, which are essentially rules, is a competitive advantage for students to expand their visual repertoire.

VART   3235   From Zero Space to Infinite   (3,4,0) (E)
Dimension: The Art of Glass Casting
Prerequisite: VART 2236 Ceramic Art: From Pinched Pot to Sculptural Form or VART 2235 From Liquid to Solid: The Art of Glass Blowing
Most objects have three dimensions; however glass can have infinite dimensions through the very light that travels through it and is captured within it. It is a unique quality of glass that it can be transparent, translucent and/or opaque. Such qualities make it possible for glass to express infinite dimensions externally and internally at a zero space.

Glass Casting is an ancient Chinese glass technique that can be dated back to the Warring State (BC 481-221). Now it is the primary glass art technique taught internationally and locally, and one of the main glass production methods used by artists and designers. It is also becoming an important art skill for creative industries, and it has a place in fine art, public art, spatial design and in architecture.

This course introduces the essential techniques of Glass Casting and its sufficient cold-working such as grinding and polishing for finishing the glass product. Students will explore the potential for Cast Glass artworks, and at the same time build a solid and sufficient knowledge base in Glass Casting skills and the accuracy required for good craftsmanship. This class will encourage the enhancement of aesthetic understanding, sensitivity to design,